Georgia insight

Sue Ella Deadwyler

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"She hath done what she could."

Mark 14:8a
"... and having done all ... stand."

Ephesians 6:13c

Lawsuits Reveal Georgia Election Fraud

Listed chronologically by date are facts revealed in successive lawsuits filed against Governor Kemp, Secretary of State (SOS) Brad Raffensperger, Georgia State Election Board¹ members and a case brought against specific election officials in 15 Georgia counties².

November 25, 2020. This 104-page lawsuit listing six plaintiffs³ explains Georgia's rush-into-use of Dominion Voting Systems with software allowing computerized ballot-stuffing and vote manipulation over the internet. Page 5 states: "A core requirement of the Smartmatic software design was the software's ability to hide its manipulation of votes from any audit." Physical evidence uncontrovertibly confirms that the software was breached and the machines were connected to the internet in violation of state and federal laws.

A former electronic intelligence analyst under 305th Military Intelligence and SAM missile system electronic intelligence confirmed this: "Dominion software was accessed by agents acting on behalf of China and Iran in order to monitor and manipulate elections, including the most recent US general election in 2020." Another expert concludes that "hundreds of thousands" of votes cast for President Trump in 2020 were transferred to candidate Joe Biden.

Although the analysis of election illegalities is extensive in this lawsuit, page 11 tells us this: "At lese 96,600 votes were illegally counted during the Georgia 2020 general election." From that, subtract Biden's 12,670 vote victory to learn that President Trump won Georgia by 73,930 votes. Page 17 reveals that 66,247 ballots were cast by under-voting-age individuals. Those votes were counted, although the mid-teen individuals had been illegally registered.

March 6, 2020 the SOS and Democrat Party Agencies signed a "Compromise and Settlement Agreement and Release." Although the SOS has no power to change law, (a) he directed county administrators to override election law and (b) he weakened the absentee ballot signature law.

Plaintiffs Asked the Court for 15 Judgments, including the following:

- Order Governor Kemp, SOS Raffensperger and Board of Elections to decertify the election;
- Order Governor Kemp to certify President Trump as the winner of the election;
- Order voting machines immediately seized and impounded for a forensic audit;
- Order expert inspection of all voting machines and software in Georgia;
- Declare that the SOS Rule modifying election laws violates the U.S. Constitution.
- Declare that the certified election results violate the U.S. Constitution's Due Process Clause.
- Issue six judgments to remedy multiple evidence-supported election law violations;
- Prohibit the Governor and SOS from certifying election results to the Electoral College; and
- Require remedial action to eliminate mail-in and absentee ballot fraud.

Rebecca Sullivan, V-Ch. State Election Board and members David J. Worley, Matthew Mashburn, and Anh Le ² Fulton, Cobb, DeKalb, Gwinnett, Chatham, Cherokee, Clayton, Forsyth, Henry, Richmond, Houston, Floyd, Pickens, Bartow and Hancock

³ Coreco Ja'Qan Pearson, Vikki Townsend Consiglio, Gloria Kay Godwin, James Kenneth Carroll, Carolyn Hall Fisher, and Brian Jay Van Gundy

Another Election Fraud Lawsuit in Georgia

November 27, 2020. Seven plaintiffs¹ filed a 30-page law suit against Governor Kemp, SOS Raffenperger and the State Board of Elections² about mail-in ballots and fraud.

Mail-In Ballots and a Pattern of Fraud

96,600 mail-in ballots were voted, but county records show they were never received back; 42 mail-in ballots were received back completed before the county mailed them to the voter; 1,887 mail-in ballots were received back completed the same day they were mailed to voters; 1,786 mail-in ballots were received back completed one day after they were mailed to voters; 2,275 mail-in ballots were received back completed two days after they were mailed to voters.

Ballots received back completed BEFORE they were mailed out	42
Ballots received back completed THE SAME DAY they were mailed out	1,887
Ballots received back completed ONE day after they were mailed out	1,786
Ballots received back completed TWO days after they were mailed out	<u>2,275</u>
Total Ballots with impossible mail-out and received-back completed dates	5,990
Ballots with NO RETURN RECORD AT ALL	231,188
Ballots with NO RETURN RECORD & Cancelled	- <u>134,588</u>
Ballots with NO RTURN RECORD & Voted	96,600

Also, there's clear evidence that 20,311 absentee or early voters in Georgia, actually, voted while registered on the National Change of Address Database (NCOA) as having moved or as having filed subsequent voter registration in another state. Though proven-to-have-moved, the 20,311 illegal votes exceed by 7,641 votes the margin by which Donald Trump lost the election.

Consider this from page 7: "Analysis of DeKalb County enabled the discovery of a 'weighted race' algorithm that transferred, using a 'weight of 1.22', approximately 48,000 votes from President Trump to Mr. Biden. In DeKalb County, 373,000 votes were cast. The approximate 48,000 votes transferred to Mr. Biden represent approximately 13% of the total votes cast in DeKalb County.... This result demands that ballot images, log files, CVR, and electronic data files from each precinct be reviewed to validate the integrity of the election in Georgia. Until that time, the election results are unverifiable."

Ballot Stuffing

"In 2020, ballot stuffing is not simply counting votes of dead people, illegal alien or out of state residents – all of which clearly occurred here ... sworn affidavit testimony and detailed analyses of reported election results demonstrate that over 135,000 votes were illegally transferred from President Trump to Vice President Biden through an algorithm embedded in Dominion's software."

November 3, 2020 at approximately 10:00 pm, Fulton County election officials evacuated State Farm Arena where votes were being counted. However, several election workers stayed behind to feed votes into Dominion tabulators for over three hours, unsupervised by poll watchers.

This November 27, 2020 lawsuit, also, requested an immediate temporary restraining order to preserve forensic data on the voting machines, realizing they may have been "wiped" already.

¹ Coreco Ja'Qan Pearson, Vikki Townsend Consiglio, Gloria Kay Godwin, James Kenneth Carroll, Carolyn Hall Fisher, Cathleen Alston Latham, and Brian Jay Van Gundy David J. Worley, Chair, State Board of Elections, and members Rebecca Sullivan, Matthew Mashburn, and Anh Le

Another Georgia Lawsuit Challenging Election Results

November 29, 2020. The seven plaintiffs¹ in this lawsuit asked for an emergency injunction directing Governor Kemp, SOS Raffensperger and the Georgia of Board of Elections to allow experts to inspect Dominion voting machines in Cobb, Gwinnett and Cherokee Counties.

December 5, 2020. Defendants responded with a motion to exclude testimony of plaintiffs' voting machine inspectors. The Motion's Table of Contents outlines the defendants' objections to the testimony of multiple experts whose findings – evidence of fraud in the Presidential Election of November 3, 2020 – were rejected. The following tells why they were rejected:

Table of Contents

- A. Ayyadurai is not qualified and fails to disclose his methods.
- B. Ramsland is not qualified and fails to disclose his methods.
- C. Braynard is not qualified and his report does not utilize generally accepted methodology.
- D. Briggs' report is built on a faulty foundation and is not helpful.
- E. Watkins is not qualified and his report rests entirely on speculation.
- F. Overhold discloses no relevant qualifications and his report contains serious errors.
- G. Quinnell and Young are not qualified and their declarations are unreliable.
- H. It is impossible to assess the qualifications of the unnamed individual known as "Spyder" and his declaration consists of nothing more than speculation.

December 7, 2020. The November 29, 2020 case reported in the first paragraph above was dismissed after the Motion to Exclude Testimony was filed.

Still Another Lawsuit Claiming Election Fraud

"Honest and fair elections must be held in the selection of the officers for the government of this republic, at all levels, or it will surely fall. If [this Court] place[s] its stamp of approval upon an election held in the manner this one [was] held, it is only a matter of a short time until unscrupulous men, taking advantage of the situation will steal the offices from the people and set up an intolerable, vicious, corrupt dictatorship."

— Bush v. Johnson, 111 Ga. App. 702, 705, 143, S.E.d21, 23 (1965)

December 4, 2020. In a 64-page lawsuit Donald J. Trump, as a Candidate for President, and David J. Shafer, in his capacity as a Registered Voter and Presidential Elector pledged to Donald Trump for President, sued the SOS, the Georgia State Board of Elections² vice-chairman and its members, plus election officials of fifteen³ (15) Georgia counties.

Issues. Georgia's (a) contested election deviated significantly and substantially from Election law. (b) Violations of the Election Code affect the choosing of presidential electors.

Claims in this lawsuit include (a) systemic irregularities and violations of the Georgia Election Code; (b) substantial violations of Georgia law concerning absentee ballots; (c) failure to comply with Georgia law requiring matching signatures and absentee voter identity confirmation; (d) disregard of Election law by SOS and county administrators; (e) violations of Georgians' fundamental right to a transparent and open Election; (f) admitted misconduct, fraud, and widespread irregularities by multiple counties.

¹ Coreco Ja'Qan Pearson, Vikki Townsend Consiglio, Gloria Kay Godwin, James Kenneth Carroll, Carolyn Hall Fisher, Cathleen Alston Latham, and Brian Jay Van Gundy

² Rebecca Sullivan, V-chair, and Election Board members David J. Worley, Matthew Mashburn, and Anh Le

³ Fulton, Cobb, DeKalb, Gwinnett, Chatham, Cherokee, Clayton, Forsyth, Henry, Richmond, Houston, Floyd, Pickens, Bartow, and Hancock

Georgia Senate and House Call for Special Session

"The General Assembly may convene itself if, after receiving such certification [three-fifths of the members], the Governor fails to do so within three days, excluding Sundays."

— Constitution of the State of Georgia, Article 5, Section 2, Paragraph 7(b)

December 3, 2020. From approximately 1:30-7:45 p.m. a Georgia Senate subcommittee chaired by Senator William Ligon heard former New York Mayor Rudy Giuliani and his associate describe Election Law violations in the Georgia Presidential Election. Following them were multiple accounts of irregularities observed by poll watchers on November 3^{rd} .

December 5, 2020. Senators William Ligon, Greg Dolezal, Brandon Beach, and Burt Jones reported that they had prepared a Petition, calling for a Special Session to convene December 8, 2020. The Senate Petition needed 29 signatures before 9:00 a.m. December 8, 2020. A Petition released by House members the same day needed at least 91 signatures by the same time. As of December 8th, a Special Session had not convened.

Irregularities Cited in the Senate Petition

Systemic failure to observe Georgia Elections; underage individuals and convicted felons registered and were allowed to vote; people voted who were not listed in the state's records as having been registered to vote; voters who moved to a different county more than 30 days prior to the election and failed to re-register were allowed to cast votes; voters registered using bogus addresses such as UPS facilities and other stores, yet their votes counted; ballots of individuals who were deceased prior to Election Day counted; over and over again ballots were counted outside the view of poll watchers or designated monitors, defying the law; even the law itself was modified by an unconstitutional agreement which weakened signature verification requirements for absentee ballot applications and absentee ballots.(O.C.G.A. 21-2-381, 21-2-386)

According to the subcommittee members, that was just a part of the testimony that came before them and much more is still being submitted. Any certification of electors by the governor of Georgia or the Georgia Secretary of State and in light of such systemic failures, the Petition states, would not be in conformity with the Georgia Election Code enacted by the General Assembly pursuant to its plenary power.

Texas Files Lawsuit against Georgia, Michigan, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin December 7, 2020. Joel B. Pollak reported that Texas filed suit directly with the U.S. Supreme Court shortly before midnight Monday challenging election procedures in Georgia, Michigan, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin, arguing violation of the Constitution. Also, Texas argues that these states violated the Constitution's Electors Clause by (a) changing voting rules and procedures without legislative action and (b) allowing county voting rules and procedures to differ within the states.

Due to such "voting irregularities" in these states, Texas is asking the Supreme Court to order the states to allow their legislatures to appoint their electors. Texas approached the Supreme Court directly because Article III provides that it is the court of first impression on subjects where it has original jurisdiction, such as disputes between two or more states.

ACTION – Ask legislators to sign these petitions. Gov. Kemp has refused to call a Special Session for this issue. Example of how to email senators: william.ligon@senate.ga.gov; for representatives: ginny.ehrhart@house.ga.gov. **NOTE the email process:** Put a period between first and last name, followed by @senate.ga.gov or @house.ga.gov

Georgia Insight is a conservative publication, financed entirely by its recipients.